## Iestājeksāmens uz 7.klasi

# PARAUGUZDEVUMI (Svešvaloda, angļu valoda)

Complete the text with the correct words (a-d).

The micr	o-house	1.			
(1) architect who lives in Germany has recently designed a house (2) is only		2.			
metre high,	3,				
in the world.	4.				
comfortable.	5. 6.				
can talk to vi	7.				
architect dec	8.				
•	eally needs to live comfortably. Currently, the micro-house is on	0.			
	nd you can go and visit or even rent it for the night. The only nat if you like washing clothes or (7) the ironing, you're out of luck.				
	space for a kitchen or a bathroom.				
	b A c - d An				
	<b>b</b> which <b>c</b> where <b>d</b> whose				
3 <b>a</b> the smallest <b>b</b> smallest <b>c</b> most small <b>d</b> the most small					
-	<b>b</b> enough <b>c</b> much <b>d</b> so				
	ore <b>b</b> to explore <b>c</b> exploring <b>d</b> to exploring				
	g <b>b</b> making <b>c</b> taking <b>d</b> laying				
	ugh <b>b</b> some <b>c</b> many <b>d</b> no				
o a enoc	agn b some chiany uno				
Complete the	e sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.				
Dave	1 (you / ever / try) snowboarding?				
Alice	Yes, we <sup>2</sup> (go) to France last winter. My brother Harry	y			
3	(not enjoy) it very much, though.				
Dave	Oh, why not?				
Alice	He <sup>4</sup> (fall) off the ski lift.				
Dave	Oh no!				
Complete th	e text with a / an, the or 0 (=no article).				
-	over eight million people living in <sup>1</sup> London, but 37% of	them were			
	de of the UK. Abani Malhotra, <sup>2</sup> architect from India, is o				
'We arrive	ed in 2011 because I wanted a better life for my children. It was d	lifficult in the			
beginning	and we had to deal with some problems, but <sup>3</sup> life is grea	t now.			
	hildren made lots of friends and they really like going to <sup>5</sup>	_school. I'm			
happy I m	ade <sup>6</sup> decision to come here.'				
Put the word	ds in brackets into the correct noun, verb, adjective or adver	b form.			
1 My grand	lma's (hear) got worse as she got older.				
2 I'm thinki	ng of having laser surgery, so that I can get my (se	ee) back.			
3 The child	ren always (happy) help with the household chor	es.			
4 Learning	foreign languages was never (ease) for me.				
5 We had a	a lovely holiday, but (unfortunate) we didn't get to se	ee everything			
we wante					

Com	plete the sentences with <u>one</u> word.	
1	I'm not very keen documentaries, but I really enjoyed <i>Life in a Day</i>	
2	When Captain Scott reached the Pole, he came a Norwegian flag.	
3	When I finished secondary school, I had to a choice: go to universi	y or
	spend a year volunteering.	
4	My parents like to get from the city and relax in the countryside at t	ıe
	weekend.	
5	When the accident happened, we had to go to the police to give all	the
	details.	
6	The guides warned us all the dangerous animals in the jungle.	
7	You can learn a lot the world when you visit different countries.	
8	One way of helping the environment is to reduce our carbon	
9	We can sometimes hear our neighbours because we live in a semi	
	house.	
10	O My mum loves all hersaving devices, especially the dishwasher ar	d
	microwave.	
Write	e the correct form	
	Plural form	
	day	
	fish	
	book	
	Past form	
	go	
	read	
	bought	
	had	
	<u> </u>	
W/rit	ting sentences	
••••		
	a) There is one word missing in each sentence. Rewrite the sentence (a) adding the word in the correct place and answer the question (b).	
	1 How long you lived in Antarctica?	
	a	
	b	
:	2 How volunteers select which country to go to?	
	a	
	b	

#### Read the text. Are the sentences true or false?

## The healthy people of Okinawa island

Okinawa Island is the largest of a group of islands that lie in the Pacific Ocean, to the south of the rest of Japan. The people there are different from other Japanese people. For example, they have their own culture and language, although now only older people speak the Okinawan language. Okinawans also live longer than other Japanese people. In fact, they live longer than most people in the world. For every 100,000 people on the island, thirty-four live to be a hundred years old! In the USA, only ten people in 100,000 reach that age.

So, what is the secret of the long lives of the Okinawan people? Well, scientists believe it is because of their traditional diet. About forty years ago, Okinawans only ate food that they produced on the island. They ate a lot of green and yellow vegetables, and only a little meat. They loved pork, but they only ate it on special occasions, and they didn't eat many eggs or drink much milk. Although they lived by the sea, they only ate a little fish; unlike most Japanese people who ate, and still eat a lot! People who lived in Okinawa also didn't eat much rice. Unlike other Japanese people, they preferred to eat sweet potatoes, which don't have as many calories as rice. It seems that a lot of older Okinawans live to be a hundred because they grew up with a healthy, low-calorie, mostly vegetarian diet.

Scientists have discovered that elderly Okinawans rarely get diseases which kill a lot of people in other parts of the world. In the USA, for example, a lot of people die from heart disease, but on the island of Okinawa the number of people who develop heart problems is eight times less than in the USA.

1	Okinawa is a Japanese island
2	People in Okinawa live longer than people in the rest of Japan
3	A higher percentage of people in the USA live to be a hundred than in Okinawa
4	In the past, Okinawans bought a lot of food products from the rest of Japan
5	In the past, Okinawans didn't eat any type of meat
6	Eggs weren't a common food in Okinawa forty years ago
7	Most Japanese people ate more fish than Okinawans did
8	In the USA, more people get heart disease than in Okinawa

### Read the text. Circle the correct answers (a-d).

#### India

Everybody knows that India is a huge country with an enormous population (there are around 1.2 billion people in India!). They also know that it has noisy, crowded cities, hot, spicy food, and some wonderful, historical sites, such as the Taj Mahal, a beautiful, white palace which a sultan built because he wanted to remember his wife, a princess who died when she still a young woman.

There are, however, lots of surprising things about India, too. I've just returned from my first trip to the country, and in this blog, I want to write about some of the things I found out. Did you know, for example, that India is a great place to go if you love music festivals? And I don't mean traditional music. More than half of India's population is under twenty-five and they love pop and rock music. That's why there are so many festivals, a few of which take place in unusual locations such as in deserts or on the sides of mountains. Major Indian cities are becoming popular places for international stars to play, and there is so much local musical talent that there is always a live concert on somewhere.

I was also amazed to find out that there are between one and two thousand 'marriage detectives' in the country. A lot of marriages are arranged by families in India, and it's

important to them to find out as much as they can about the person who their son or daughter is going to marry, so sometimes families hire a detective who checks that their son or daughter's future husband or wife is telling the truth about their family, their job and how much money they have.

Indians also have a surprising view of beauty. One of my Indian friends told me that I had put on weight when I met her for coffee on my second day in the country. I was surprised, but she wasn't being rude. In India, people think that gaining weight is a sign of looking healthy and more beautiful. In fact, if you are very slim, Indian people worry about you! I think it's good that Indians aren't always worried about being thin, like many Europeans are. However, these days, a lot of young people are overweight because people there are really keen on fast food.

In India, it seems as if everyone reads newspapers. In Europe, young people prefer going online to find out about the world. In India, however, the opposite is true. More and more people are learning to read and they are then getting well-paid jobs which mean they can afford to buy newspapers. As a result, newspapers have never been more popular. I was really surprised! In my next blog, I'll share more fascinating facts about India. What do you know about the country?

- 1 Which of the following topics does the writer *not* mention in the first paragraph?
  - a the number of people
  - b the things people eat
  - c the size of the country
  - d the temperature in the cities
- 2 Why did a sultan build the Taj Mahal?
  - a To make his wife happy.
  - b To remember his wife.
  - c Because he wanted to live somewhere beautiful.
  - d Because his wife liked white buildings.
- 3 What does the writer say about his own experiences of India?
  - a He's found lots of great places where they do traditional dances.
  - b He's been to India many times and loves it more each time he goes.
  - c He's found out that they have festivals there in strange places.
  - d He's discovered that there aren't many Indian rock stars these days.
- 4 What does the writer say about marriage in India?
  - a Families hire detectives to check that a future wife or husband is not too slim.
  - b More and more marriages are arranged by families now than in the past.
  - c Indians hire detectives to check if their children's future wives or husbands are being honest.
  - d Families will only let their sons marry a girl who doesn't look too thin and unhealthy.
- 5 Why do more people read newspapers in India these days?
  - a Because they are very fashionable in Europe.
  - b Because they don't have the same access to online media as in Europe.
  - c People have more money now, so newspapers are easier to buy.
  - d Newspapers are better in India now.